



Increasing Access to Maternal Health Services through Vouchers: The Uganda Healthy Baby Experience

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Why a maternal health voucher in Uganda?

- Maternal mortality ratio of 430 deaths per 100,000 live births
- 40% of deliveries not attended by skilled personnel
- Widespread FBO and private health infrastructure, but prices out of reach for the poor
- Opportunity to demonstrate potential of demand-side financing



Background to the Healthy Baby voucher

- Marie Stopes Uganda operated 'Healthy Baby' maternal health voucher from 2006-2012
- An evaluation found shift from home based to facility deliveries and reduction in out of pocket payments in villages with voucher clients
- Private providers primarily use voucher reimbursements for:
 - Construction
 - HR
 - Medical Procurement

The SHOPS intervention: April 2012-Dec 2014

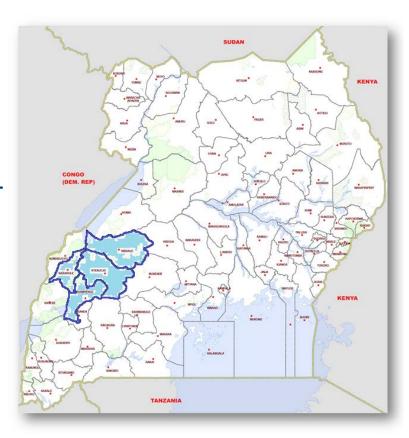
Objectives:

- Increase access to comprehensive obstetric care for the poor in private facilities
- Improve and maintain quality of obstetric care within the private sector

Coverage:

- Districts with highest maternal mortality
- 48 facilities (47 private, one public)

Part of broader Saving Mothers, Giving Life initiative in these districts



What is the Healthy Baby Voucher?



4 ANC Visits

Delivery and transport

PNC

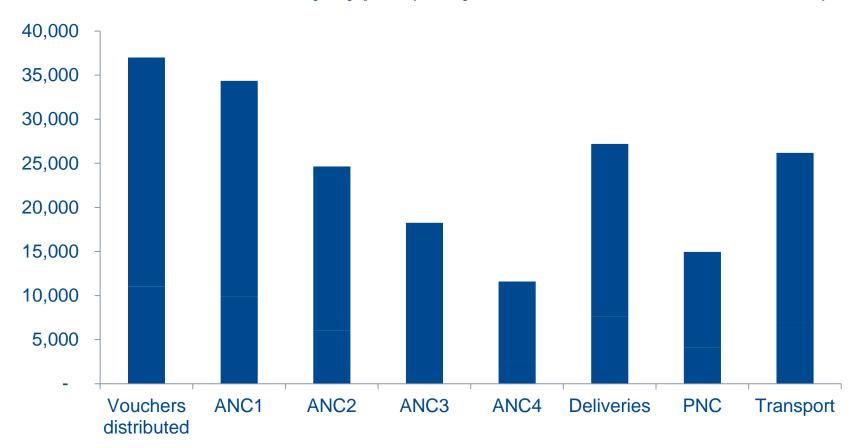


How does the voucher program work?

- Vouchers sold to CBDs for \$.70
- CBDs use poverty grading tool to assess eligibility
- CBDs sell vouchers to qualifying women for \$1.20
- Women access services from participating health facilities
- Providers reimbursed by MSU for services provided

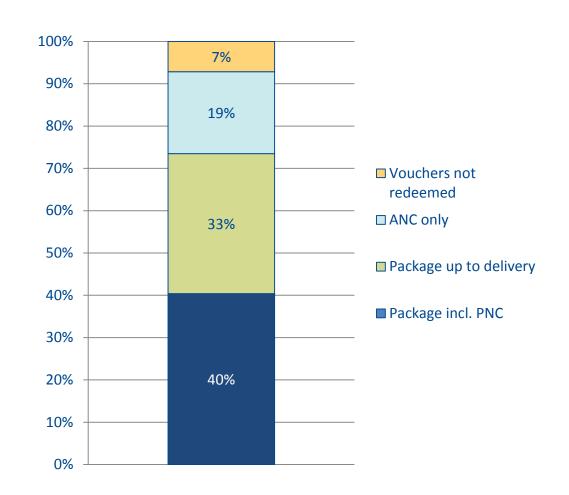
Program achievements

Service redeemed by type (May 2012 – November 2014)



Program achievements: vouchers redeemed

- 37,000 vouchers distributed
- 74% redeemed for a safe delivery
- Redemption rate increased over project - introduction of transport voucher, improved BCC/follow-up



Program achievements: improving quality of care in the private sector

Key activities

- Facility staff trained in safe delivery, post-partum FP, PMTCT, business management
- Supportive supervision to ensure maintenance of service standards
- Investment in equipment and infrastructure to meet national protocol

Results

- 100% of facilities achieved targeted audit score of 80% or higher
- Private providers
 appreciative of opportunity
 to strengthen skills

Program achievements: strengthening health systems

- Provider mentoring/supervision by MSU, MoH district officials and Association of Obstetrics and Gynaecologists of Uganda
- Strengthened public-private linkages led to:
 - Improved ease of referrals
 - Increased reporting from private sector
 - Ability for private sector facilities to receive public commodities and supplies for essential services
 - Collaboration in transport assistance

Challenges

- Public sector participation: Mixed experience with introduction of voucher in private wings of two public facilities
- Short funding cycles led to disruption in voucher distribution/use
- Limited success with postpartum family planning – some providers are FBOs, ad-hoc integration with FP voucher program

Key learning and next steps

- SHOPS demonstrated proof of concept for the use of vouchers to reduce barriers to maternal health access through the private sector
- Ugandan government now scaling up the scheme, under Ministry of Health ownership, with World Bank funds
- Vouchers can act as a stepping stone in the path to universal health coverage







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